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| **32 ことわざを使った発音練習**  **ALT**  **Recommended** | |
| **項目：** | 10分間ゲーム（発音） |
| **時間：** | 10分以上 |
| **材料：** | * ことわざのリスト * 投げることができるぬいぐるみかボール |
| **流れ：** | １．ことわざのプリントを生徒に配付する。  ２．２～３分で、生徒にプリントを読ませる。  ３．教師は最初のことわざを読む。一度音読した後で、強調する箇所を説明する。（子音、母音、e, ee, ea, au, ar, o,aw, oa, oy, ear, p, sh, r, tr, th, l, etc…）  ４．その後、次のことわざを読む生徒に、ボールを投げる。ぬいぐるみやボールを受け取った生徒は、次のことわざを読み、どの音が強調されるのかを説明する。  Ex. A: “Fair feathers make fair fowls.” I think the letter   ‘f’ is the most important letter. \*Throws the ball   to the next random person.\*  B: “Finders keepers, losers weepers.” The letters ‘e’   and ‘r’ are the most important to pronounce.” |
| **その他の方法：** | 難易度はことわざによって異なる。ゲームを面白くするには、生徒がボールを投げている間、ＢＧＭを流すとよい。ＢＧＭが止まったとき、ボールを持っている生徒が次のことわざを音読することにしておく。 |
| **留意点：** | このゲームは「33 電話ゲーム」にも応用できる。また、リズムを取るために、教師は手拍子をしたり、メトロノームを使ったりするとよい。 |

**Vowels（母音）**

**Proverb List!**

* A friend in n**ee**d is a friend ind**ee**d.
* Every bull**e**t has its bill**e**t.
* A good wife and h**ea**lth is a man's best w**ea**lth. / East and w**e**st, home is b**e**st.
* A drowning man will c**a**tch at a straw.
* He l**au**ghs best who l**au**ghs l**a**st.
* He who has an **ar**t has everywhere a p**ar**t.
* A little p**o**t is soon h**o**t. / A sp**o**t is most seen on the finest cl**o**th.
* New l**o**rds, new l**aw**s. / W**al**ls have ears.
* One man beats the b**u**sh, another man catches the bird.
* Well beg**u**n is half d**o**ne.
* Find**er**s keep**er**s, los**er**s weep**er**s.
* Kind w**or**ds are the music of the w**or**ld. / The **ear**ly bird catches the w**or**m.
* H**a**ste m**a**kes w**a**ste.
* Little str**o**kes fell great **oa**ks. / As you s**ow** you shall m**ow**.
* Good adv**i**ce is beyond pr**i**ce. / M**i**ght makes r**i**ght.
* An **ou**nce of discretion is worth a p**ou**nd of learning.
* No j**oy** without ann**oy**.
* Constant dripping w**ear**s away a stone.

**Consonants:（子音）**

* **P**enny wise, **p**ound foolish./ **P**ractice makes **p**erfect.
* There is nothing which has been **b**itter **b**efore **b**eing ripe.
* **T**ime and **t**ide wait for no man.
* A bir**d** in han**d** is worth two in the woo**d**. / Every **d**og has his **d**ay.
* **C**are **k**illed the **c**at.
* A **g**ood name is better than a **g**olden **g**irdle.
* **F**air **f**eathers make **f**air **f**owls. / Birds of a **f**eather **f**lock together.
* E**v**en the weariest ri**v**er winds somewhere safe to sea.
* Some**th**ing is better than no**th**ing. / Birds of a fea**th**er flock toge**th**er.
* Lea**s**t **s**aid, **s**oone**s**t mended. / More ha**s**te, le**ss** **s**peed.
* A la**z**y youth, a lou**s**y age.
* No sun**sh**ine but hath some **sh**adow. / Better be **s**ure than sorry.
* Labor is often the father of lei**s**ure.
* Work has bitter **r**oot but sweet f**r**uit.
* There is no **r**oyal **r**oad to learning.
* It is **h**ard to be **h**igh and **h**umble. / Do on the **h**ills as you would do in the **h**all.
* Everybody has his meri**ts** and faul**ts**.
* No garden without its wee**ds**.
* Do not count your **ch**ickens before they are ha**tch**ed.
* Every **J**ack has his **J**ill.
* **Tr**y before you **tr**ust.
* Better be **dr**unk than **dr**owned.
* A **m**iss is as good as a **m**ile. / **M**any a little **m**akes a **m**ickle.
* A stitch i**n** time saves **n**i**n**e.
* See**ing** is believ**ing**. / Everyth**ing** must have a beginn**ing**.
* **L**ook before you **l**eap. / A cracked be**ll** can never sound we**ll**.
* **W**illful **w**aste makes **w**oeful **w**ant. / **W**here there is a **w**ill, there is a **w**ay.

*参考：*

*The internet TESL Journal:* [*http://iteslj.org/Lessons/Yang-Proverbs.html*](http://iteslj.org/Lessons/Yang-Proverbs.html)